







	Health and Wellbeing Board
	Thursday 29 <sup>th</sup> September 2022
Title	Grahame Park – Neighbourhood Conversation
Report of	Director of Public Health and Prevention
Wards	All
Status	Public
Urgent	No
Key	No
Enclosures	Appendix A -Grahame Park Needs Assessment, Appendix B -Grahame Park Mental Health Deep Dive, Appendix C - Grahame Park on a page, Appendix D - Grahame Park Neighbourhood Model
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# **Summary**

The Barnet Health and Wellbeing Board will meet at the Colindale Communities Trust in Grahame Park on 29<sup>th</sup> September 2022. The first substantive item on the agenda will be a conversation with organisations who work with the residents.

This paper provides some background information on the work done to date, and about Grahame Park.

# **Officers Recommendations**

1. That the Board notes progress on the work in Graham Park.

## 1. Why this report is needed

1.1 Grahame Park is an area with several challenges which are tackled in a number of ways but not least through the partnerships and community organisations that work



with residents on the estate. Several teams and departments across the council support this work, with partner organisations.

- 1.2 In 2021 Public Health conducted a needs assessment (Appendix A) which identified that:
  - mental health,
  - · coronary vascular disease,
  - · community safety and;
  - economic inclusion,

should become priorities to work towards improving health outcomes for residents. This is in addition to much of the work already in place which impacts on Grahame Park, that exists across the Council. The findings are also presented in Grahame Park on a page which illustrates the complexities (Appendix C)

- 1.3 Since the report was published late 2021, the findings have been reported to the Health and Wellbeing Board and the Colindale Communities Trust.
- 1.4 One of the areas which was a concern was the coordination of council officers' contributions to responding to Grahame Park. Subsequently a small task group was established jointly across the Council to commence the steps of moving action forward with regards to the four priorities identified by the needs assessment and engaging with other activities as much as possible.
- 1.5 This session is intended to be a part of place-based community engagement aimed at highlighting the work that is on-going and identifying areas for improvement.

  Development of a local substance misuse offer has been a good example of an engagement where communities feedback shaped delivery of the service.

Mental health needs priority (described in Appendix A and Appendix B) is being addressed with a view to locating additional services on the estate; community safety leads are already well placed and initiating action to meet local needs; the Cardiovascular Disease (CVD) priority is just commencing by mapping the CVD action plan onto a neighbourhood basis and the economic inclusion priority will be closely linked the Cost of Living work that the Council is undertaking.

#### Reasons for recommendations

1.6 This information is for the Board to review, so they are aware of the area, and the work being undertaken so far.

### 2. Alternative options considered and not recommended

2.1 No other alternative options were provided.

#### 3. Post decision implementation

 That the work continues with Officers, community and voluntary services, residents and organisations engaged with Grahame Park.

#### 4. Implications of decision

#### 4.1 Corporate Priorities and Performance

4.1.1 Supporting the health and wellbeing of residents is the core aim of the Health and Wellbeing Board, and the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy is the articulation of how we will achieve this aim. The work on Grahame Park Estate brings together the aims of creating a healthier place and resilient communities, starting, living, and ageing well and ensuring delivery of coordinated and holistic care, through the implementation of a neighbourhood model in partnership with ICB colleagues.

# 4.2 Resources (Finance & Value for Money, Procurement, Staffing, IT, Property, Sustainability)

4.2.1 There are no resource implications in this report, as it is an introduction to the area.

#### 4.3 Legal and Constitutional References

5.3.1 Article 7 Committees, Forums, Working Groups and Partnerships of the Council's Constitution sets out the terms of reference of the Health and Wellbeing Board which includes the following responsibilities. • To promote partnership and, as appropriate, integration, across all necessary areas, including the use of joined-up commissioning plans across the NHS, social care and public health. To explore partnership work across North Central London where appropriate • To work together to ensure the best fit between available resources to meet the health and social care needs of the population of Barnet (including children), by both improving services for health and social care and helping people to move as close as possible to a state of complete physical, mental and social wellbeing. • Specific responsibilities for overseeing public health and developing further health and social care integration.

4.3.2 The work in Grahame Park brings these responsibilities together into a small area neighbourhood.

#### 4.4 Insight

- A number of investigations have been conducted on Grahame Park. This section focusses on the health needs assessment 2021 and the Mental Health Deep Dive 2022.
- The needs assessment conducted in 2021 found that residents of Grahame Park live in the 20% most deprived neighbourhoods in England (IMD, 2019) and over half live in the 10% most deprived neighbourhoods in England. There are higher rates of crime, especially antisocial behaviour.

- Grahame Park residents have a lower life expectancy and healthy life expectancy than the Barnet average.
- The mental health needs of the population are high 9.1% of residents are living with depression. Smoking is more common on the Estate (19.1%) compared to the London average (14%). A further deep dive on mental health conducted in June 2022 found:
  - Depression is the second most prevalent condition among residents of Grahame Park, with 9.1% living with depression.
  - 1.34% of residents have a serious mental illness, compared to 0.97% in Barnet and 1.1% in London.
- Grahame Park has a higher percentage of the working age population receiving disability benefits compared to Barnet.
- Substance Misuse is also of particular significance.
  - Grahame Park has a higher rate of substance misuse activity compared Barnet, with 58 referrals per 10,000 population, compared to 33 per 10,000 across Barnet.
  - Grahame Park is home to 1.8% of Barnet's population. Residents of Grahame Park represent 3.2% of referrals to substance misuse services.
  - Grahame Park has twice the rate of unplanned exits from substance misuse services compared to Barnet.
- Community Safety. The Needs Assessment identified safety concerns within the nearby estate, with the rate of antisocial behaviour, violence, theft, public and drugs incidents all ranking significantly higher than Barnet as a whole
- Overall, residents are more likely to be physically inactive (27%) compared to the London average (22%), and the design of the area does not promote active travel.
- Available greenspace is lower in Grahame Park (2.1%) than Barnet as a whole (14.2%)
- 9.1% of the total number of people claiming Universal Credit in Barnet live in Colindale ward, where Grahame Park is located. 34.7% of children live in relatively low incomes families, compared to the average of 14.5% (DWP, 2019)
- 24% of Year 6 children in Graham Park are very overweight, compared to 20.5% for London (NCMP 2019-20).
- One of the key concerns raised by residents in the Neighbourhood Change Residents Survey (2019) was provision for young people in the area.
- As a result of the needs assessment and steps to address the issues, there are currently live discussions on the provision of mental health services, relocation and increase in these with colleagues commissioning mental health services. An increase in substance misuse services provision has already been achieved and the team have reached out to community safety leads and are now engaged in those discussions, much of which relates closely to both mental health and substance misuse. The workstream on economic inclusion is commencing and will be tied closely to the Cost-of-Living strategies

of the Council. The CVD workstream is also commencing with a workplan for the implementation of the CVD strategy on a neighbourhood basis.

Linking the Grahame Park work to a neighbourhood model (appendix D) has been very important and guiding principles of a model have been developed. These are:

- Place-based
- Co-produced
- Asset-based
- Partnership-working
- Evidence-based

#### 4.5 Social Value

The relationships between all partnerships offers significant opportunities for social value.

#### 4.6 Risk Management

4.6.1 Each area of work will have its own risk management schedule and protocol.

#### 4.7 Equalities and Diversity

- 4.7.1 A whole systems approach to prevention and health and care integration, focuses on health inequalities which persist amongst groups with protected characteristics. By consulting and engaging with appropriate communities and stakeholders, it is expected that a whole systems approach to prevention will prevent unintended harms against marginalised groups and promote health equity. As the COVID-19 pandemic has shone a further light on disproportionality of the health outcomes amongst various groups, the reviewed Health and Wellbeing Strategy process will include an engagement with diverse communities with a particular focus on Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic Groups.
- 4.7.2 Any evidence that demonstrates (suggests or indicates?) a disproportionately will be reviewed within the Actions and, if necessary, edited to ensure that the goal of equality within health is as tangible as possible

#### 4.8 **Corporate Parenting**

4.8.1 Whilst there is no direct impact on the council's corporate parenting role, some of the work with residents may indirectly support children in care and care leavers.

#### 4.9 Consultation and Engagement

5.9.1 Both consultation and engagement are highly important for the progression of the work and would be part of the steps for each of the priorities.

## 4.10 Environmental Impact

4.10.1 There are no direct environmental implications from noting the recommendations.

# 5. Background papers

**Grahame Park Needs Assessment** 

Grahame Park Mental Health Deep Dive

Grahame Park on a page

Grahame Park Neighbourhood Model